WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. A system for performing intraluminal lung volume reduction, sa
2	kit comprising:
3	an isolation/access catheter having a proximal end, a distal end, an
4	occlusion element near the distal end, and at least one lumen extending therethrough;
5	a sealing catheter having a proximal end, a distal end, and
6	a closure element carried by the isolation/access catheter;
7	wherein the sealing catheter may be introduced through the lumen of the
8	isolation/access catheter and the closure element may be deployed from the
9	isolation/access catheter.
1	2. A system as in claim 1, wherein the closure element comprises a
2	swellable plug.
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1	3. A system as in claim 1, wherein the isolation/access catheter
2	includes at least two lumens extending therethrough.
1	4. A system as in claim 3, wherein the isolation/access catheter
2	further including a fiber optic scope and a light source disposed to permit forward
3	viewing.
1	5. A system for performing intraluminal lung volume reduction, sa
2	kit comprising:
3	an isolation/access catheter having a proximal end, a distal end, an
4	occlusion element near the distal end, and at least one lumen extending therethrough; a
5	a reagent capable of being introduced to the lung through the
6	isolation/access catheter lumen, wherein said reagent will clear or widen air passages
7	within the lung.
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1	6. A system as in claim 5, wherein the reagent is selected from the
2	group consisting of mucolytic agents, bronchodilators, surfactants, desiccants, solvents
3	necrosing agents, and absorbents.
1	7. A system as in claim 5, wherein the isolation/access catheter
2	includes at least two lumens extending therethrough.

l	8. A system as in claim 7, wherein the isolation/access catheter
2	further includes a fiber optic scope and a light source disposed to permit forward viewing
l	9. A system for performing intraluminal lung volume reduction, said
2	kit comprising:
3	an isolation/access catheter having a proximal end, a distal end, an
1	occlusion element near the distal end, and at least one lumen extending therethrough; and
5	a probe which can be percutaneously introduced into a pleural region over
5	the lung, said probe being capable of applying external pressure to the lung.
l	10. A system as in claim 9, wherein the probe has an inflatable balloon
2	which engages a surface of the lung.
l	11. A system as in claim 9, wherein the probe has a non-inflatable
2	atraumatic end which engages a surface of the lung.
l	12. A system as in claim 9, wherein the isolation/access catheter
2	includes at least two lumens extending therethrough.
l	13. A system as in claim 12, wherein the isolation/access catheter
2	further includes a fiber optic scope and a light source disposed to permit forward viewing.